

VELVET UPHOLSTERY CARE GUIDE

Upholstered furniture begins with its frame, which determines the piece's sturdiness and final appearance. Frames are made from materials like timber and particleboard, with hardwood frames - secured with screws, glue, and dowels - being the most durable.

Comfort and feel depend on the suspension system, which may include elasticated webbing, zig-zag springs, or coil springs.

The interior filling significantly impacts comfort and maintenance. Options include feather-filled, polyester fibre-filled, foam core interiors, or combinations of these. Foam cores resist settling best, while feather and fibre fillings offer a plusher feel but require frequent plumping.

Fabric selection affects both aesthetics and durability. Choose wisely to match your needs and lifestyle.

REGULAR AND EASY-CARE MAINTENANCE

- ▶ Avoid dragging furniture across the floor to prevent damage to both flooring and the furniture itself. Sofas are best lifted rather than pulled by the arms, as this can strain the frame. Enlist help when moving heavier pieces to protect carpets, hard surfaces, and prevent potential injury.
- ▶ Try not to perch on the arms or back of your furniture, as this can cause the frame to become distorted. Sitting on the front edges of cushions or on the arms of furniture may cause distortion or damage.
- ▶ Denim can stain light-coloured velvet fabric, when it comes into regular contact.
- ▶ Cosmetics, hair products, medications, and perspiration may stain or damage furniture. Wash your hands after applying makeup or styling products. Use throws to protect surfaces from transfer.
- ▶ Discourage lively children from using your new suite as a climbing frame if you want to prolong its life span.
- ▶ Strong sunlight can cause fabrics to fade. Do not place these units in direct sunlight as it will cause the colour to fade. Strong LED light bulbs may also cause the colour to fade so do not use these for extended periods of time.
- ▶ Due to the opulent nature of velvet, on occasion, pile crush may occur from packing, but this is a simple remedy with steam, which will immediately remedy the matter.



Avoid direct sunlight

MAINTAINING YOUR FURNITURE INTERIORS

Most interiors are designed to offer optimal comfort for the style of your chosen furniture. It is typical for interiors to lose about 10% of their density in the first three months, increasing to 20–30% over time.

To prolong the lifespan of your interiors:

- ▶ Rotate cushions or seating positions regularly to ensure even wear. For fixed-seat models, avoid side sitting (sitting or lying on the edges), which can lead to excessive sagging.
- ▶ Regular maintenance includes plumping cushions vigorously, especially for fibre and feather interiors, to maintain their shape and comfort.

CLEANING VELVET UPHOLSTERY

- ▶ Upholstery can be lightly vacuumed or gently brushed to remove dust/accumulated dirt.
- ▶ Avoid using spray polishes or solvent cleaners, as these can damage both the fabric and adjacent materials.
- ▶ For spills, act quickly: blot excess liquid with a clean white cloth. Do not rub or use detergents.



Address any spills immediately